Flash Fiction Toolbox

1. Brevity (Concise and accurate) is Key:

- Word Limit: Understand and adhere to the word limit (commonly under 1,000 words, sometimes as few as 100).
- Conciseness: Every word must count. Use concise language and avoid unnecessary descriptions.

2. Strong Opening:

• Hook Your Reader: Start with a sentence that grabs attention. This could be an intriguing action, dialogue, or image.

3. Character Development:

• Quick Character Sketch: Create characters quickly but memorably. Hint at their personality through actions or a few well-chosen words.

4. Setting:

• Minimalist Descriptions: Suggest a setting without detailed descriptions. Let the reader fill in the blanks.

5. Plot:

- Simple Yet Compelling Plot: Focus on a single, engaging incident or idea. Complex plots are hard to resolve in a short space.
- Conflict: Introduce a conflict early on. It can be internal (within the character) or external (between characters or with the environment).

6. Resolution:

- Satisfying Conclusion: Even in brief stories, aim for a resolution that leaves the reader feeling satisfied.
- Twist Endings: Consider a twist or surprise ending for impact, but ensure it's set up properly.

7. Dialogue:

• Economical Dialogue: Use dialogue sparingly and purposefully. It should reveal character or advance the plot.

8. Show, Don't Tell:

• Imply More Than You State: Let readers infer the deeper meanings and themes. Show emotions and situations through actions and dialogues rather than explaining them.

9. Editing:

• Ruthless Editing: Be prepared to cut out anything that doesn't add to the story, even if you love it.

10. Creative License:

- Experiment: Play with perspectives, timelines, or unconventional story structures.
- Voice and Style: Develop a unique voice or style that stands out.

11. Reading and Inspiration:

- Read Flash Fiction: Understand the genre by reading a variety of flash fiction stories.
- Gather Ideas: Ideas can come from anywhere an overheard conversation, a news headline, a photograph, etc.

12. Practice:

• Regular Writing: The more you write, the better you get. Write regularly to develop your flash fiction skills.